## 01 Background



Children and young people (hereafter children) with learning disabilities and or autism are amongst the most vulnerable and socially excluded in our society and experience a greater incidence of mental health problems.

Children with special educational needs (SEN) are twice as likely as other children to be bullied regularly. Children with a disability are more likely to live in poverty than those without a disability.

> The right support at the right time can make an enormous difference to the lives of children with a learning disability and/or autism.

## 07

## Questions

What training gaps are there for our team or service with regard to learning disability and/or autism awareness?

What reasonable adjustments do we need to make within our team or service to ensure that children and young people with learning disabilities and/or autism can have meaningful access and engagement with us?

Within our team do we know where to go to for advice and support in meeting the holistic needs of children with a learning disability and or/autism?

overshadowing; coping with

limits on appointment times;

awareness of their own body,

unfamiliar environments/people;

06 1

experiences.)

learning disabilities

and/or autism

by accessing

awareness

training.

#### Learning Disability/Autistic Spectrum **Disorder and** mental health 06 concerns

01

and anxiety, to more rare problems such as schizophrenia and bipolar disorder. A mental health problem can feel just as bad, or worse, as any other physical illness only you cannot see it.

05

### What to do

Raise your awareness regarding the barriers that children with learning disabilities and/or autism face in accessing your service (in terms of communication; attitudes and prejudice; inexperienced staff & awareness of services available; diagnostic



A learning disability is

A learning disability will affect how a person learns new skills in not just school but all areas of life, affecting the way a person communicates and how someone understands and processes information. Autism is a lifelong developmental disability that affects how people perceive the world and interact with others. Children with autism see, hear and feel the world differently to other people. Autism is not an illness or disease and cannot be 'cured'. Often people feel being autistic is a fundamental aspect of their identity.

> Mental health problems can affect the way you think, feel and behave. They affect around one in four people in Britain, and range from common mental health problems, such as depression.

health and emotions; past Try to gain greater insight and understanding of how to communicate with children and young people with



04



# spectrum and can sometimes lead Information

significantly reduced ability to

understand new or complex

Why it matters 02

have learning disabilities.

Over one in 3 children (36%) with a learning

disorder. Children with Learning disabilities are

over six times more likely to have a diagnosable

psychiatric disorder than their peers who do not

Even though mental illness can be more common

for people on the autism spectrum than in the general population, the mental health of

children with autism is often overlooked. Anxiety disorders are very common

amongst people on the autism

to depression.

disability in the UK have a diagnosable psychiatric